

CHRISTI JACOBSEN MONTANA SECRETARY OF STATE



Election Judge Training

Montana Secretary of State, Election and Voter Services

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Election Judge Facts

For the 2020 general election, more than 775,000 citizens served as election judges. Election Judges play a critical role in the voting process!

On Election Day, a citizen's right to cast a vote and have the vote count rest in the hands of **THE ELECTION JUDGE!**

- There are not many jobs that go through as much change as the job of an election judge.
- Election judges *must* be aware of changes in statute or rules and *must* follow those changes.

There are few jobs as critical to our democracy as the job of an election judge.



Election Judge Training

- ➤ Each election judge must attend training provided by the county election office on even years before the primary election.
- ➤ Each election judge must be provided with a copy of the Secretary of State's <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>.
- ➤ Each election judge should be provided with a copy of the Secretary of State's <u>Uniform Ballot & Voting Systems Procedures Guide</u>, or an equivalent publication from the county election office.

Please direct questions to your county Election Administrator or the Secretary of State, Elections and Voter Services Division at: soselections@mt.gov

Election Judge Training is divided into nine categories

- 1. Before Polls Open
- 2. Election Day
- 3. Disability Assistance
- 4. Closing the Polls
- 5. General Counting Procedures
- 6. Hand-Counting Ballots
- 7. Machine Tabulating
- 8. Special Situations

- This training is provided to supplement local training, the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>, and the <u>Uniform Ballot & Voting Systems Procedure Guide</u>.
- It takes approximately one hour to complete and includes a quiz at the end.
- Election judges are encouraged to review this training presentation before each statewide primary and statewide general election.



9. Quiz

Before Polls Open

- > Check the voting equipment, make sure it is **set-up**, **plugged in**, **properly sealed**, and ready for use.
- ➤ Check ballots to make sure that they are the correct ballots for your precinct and that ballots are correctly numbered.
- The Chief Judge or Ballot Judge will verify the <u>Ballot Certification Report</u> with ballots delivered to polling place and will verify and update the ballot seal log and the voting system seal log.

Notify the Election Administrator immediately if the number of ballots delivered does not match the number on Ballot Certification Report.

Call your county Election office <u>immediately</u> if you are missing any supplies.

Chain of Custody and Security Seal Log (page 1)
This form must be used to track the chain of custody of ballots and media, and to track security seals.

Part 1 filled out by election administrator before delivery to polling place.

Part 3 to be filled out by chief judge before transport back to election office.



County:

Precinct:

Ballots and Election Materials Chain of Custody & Security Seal Log

For the purpose of showing the control, transfer, and disposition of ballots and election materials during an election. Security seals, when removed, should be placed on the attached security seal log.

Election Date:

Polling Place:

Part 2 filled out

by chief judge

before polls

open.

Part 4 to be

filled out by

election

administrator

upon return to

the election office.

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Election Material Type:	Security Seal Serial #:	Election Material Type:	Security Seal Serial #
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FORM SHOULD REMAIN WITH SEALED BALLOT CONTAINER TO BE COMPLETED FOR THE NEXT OR FINAL TRANSPORT.

Removed Seal Seal Location | Seal Number Removed Reason For Removal Initials Date (place removed seal here) (place removed seal here) Security Seal Log (page 2) (place removed seal here) Place used security (place removed seal here) seals here, log seal (place removed seal here) numbers -(place removed seal here)

➤ Post **Polling Place** signs outside the polling place in conspicuous locations.

POLLING PLACE – VOTE HERE

➤ Post **Precinct** signs inside the polling place in conspicuous locations to direct the voter to the correct precinct.

PRECINCT # 21

Check the Register to make sure it is the correct register for your precinct.

- ➤ Using the list provided by the election office, mark the Register for any voter who was issued an absentee ballot after the Register was printed.
- All voters who were issued **absentee ballots** prior to printing the Register will be marked **absentee**.

NOTE: Voters marked Absentee must vote a PROVISIONAL BALLOT if they show up to vote at the polls and do not have their original ballot!

➤ Post the list of Absentee voters in a conspicuous location.

Ballot Interference Prevention Act (BIPA)

- ► 13-35-701 MCA
- Enforcement of the act has been <u>permanently enjoined</u> by court order.
- ➤ Voters may have someone else drop off their absentee ballot at the election office or the polling place on election day.

Set up the polling place

Set up the Precinct Table to include the following items:

- **Precinct register and poll book**
- Ballots and official ballot stamp & ink pad
- Sealed ballot containers including unvoted ballot container for primary election, and stub container.
- Secrecy sleeves
- **Voter Registration forms**
- Forms including Polling Place Elector ID and Declaration of impediment for an elector form
- Provisional envelopes and provisional ballot container
- **Voter Information Pamphlets if applicable**
- Other supplies as directed by Election Administrator

Set up a Montana Voter Information notice in each booth.





You have the option to vote a provisional ballot if your identity or eligibility to vote is not confirmed.

a complete printing of all laws pertaining to election violations. By law, this warning notice must be posted in conspicuous places in the polling place.

ACTS OF FRAUD AND

elector may not show the contents of the elector's ballot to anyone after it is marked. An elector may not place any mark upon the ballot by which it may be

identified as the one voted by the elector (2) An elector may not receive a ballot from any person other than a election judge and may not vote any ballo except one received from an election judge. A person other than an election

(3) A person may not solicit as

leaving the polling place, return the ballot

election officer or judge of an election

may not: (1) deposit in a ballot box a paper (1) deposit in a ballot box a paper ballot that is not marked as official; (2) examine an elector's ballot before putting the ballot in the ballot box; (3) look at any mark made by the elector upon the ballot:

(4) make or place any mark or device on any ballot with the intent to ascertain how the elector has voted; (5) allow any individual other than the elector to be present at the marking the elector to be present at the marking of the ballot except as provided in 13-1-116 13-13-118, 13-13-119, and 13-13-229; of (6) make a false statement in a certificate regarding affirmation.

equipment, materials, and records. A person is guilty of criminal mischief or tampering with public records and information, as appropriate, and is punishable as provided in 45-6-101 or 45 7-208, as applicable, whenever the

provisions of the law:

(2) during an election: (a) removes or defaces instructions for the voters: or

cumplies or other cons

ballot; (3) removes any ballots from the polling place before the closing of the polls with the purpose of changing the result of the election;

lists, checklists, ballots, ballot boxes, or other equipment for the purpose of disrupting or invalidating an election; (5) knowingly detains, mutilates, alters, or destroys any election returns

alters election records, except as provided by law. (7) tampers with, disarranges

defaces, injures, or impairs a votino system with the intent to after the outcome of an election

information from electors. (1) A person may not do any electioneering on electio day within any polling place or any building in which an election is being hel or within 100 feet of any entrance to the building in which the polling place is located that aids or promotes the succes

or defeat of any candidate or ballot issue to be voted upon at the election (2) On election day, a candidate, a family member of a candidate, or a work or volunteer for the candidate's campaid may not distribute alcohol, tohacco, foo

drink, or anything of value to a voter within a polling place or a building in which an election is being held or within 100 feet of an entrance to the building in which the polling place is located. (3) A person may not buy, sell, give, wear, or display at or about the polis on a election durant before building. an election day any badge, button, or other insignia that is designed or tends aid or promote the success or defeat of any candidate or ballot issue to be voted

upon at the election. (4) A person within a polling place or any building in which an election is being held may not solicit from an elector, before or after the elector has marked a ballot and returned it to an election judge,

purposely, directly or indirectly, individually or through any other person for any election, in order to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting or to vote for or against any particula candidate, political party ticket, or ballot

issue:
(1) give, lend, agree to give or lend,
offer, or promise any money, liquor, or
valuable consideration or promise or
endeavor to procure any money, liquor, or

(2) promise to appoint another person or promise to secure or aid in election of another person to a public or private position or employment or to a

order to aid or promote the candidate's nomination or election, except that the candidate for governor may publicly announce or define the candidate's choice for lieutenant governor.

oter. An officer, while acting in an officia induce any elector to cast a vote contrary to the elector's original intention or desire

voters, (1) A person, directly or

indirectly, individually or through any other person, in order to induce or compel a person to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate, the ticket of any politica party, or any ballot issue before the people, may not:

(a) use or threaten to use any force coercion violence restraint or undue

(b) inflience against any person; or (b) infliet or threaten to inflict, individually or with any other person, any temporal or spiritual injury, damage,

harm, or loss upon or against any person.
(2) A person may not, by abduction, duress, or any fraudulent contrivance, impede or prevent the free exercise of the franchise by any voter at any election or elector to give or to refrain from giving the

elector's vote at any election (3) A person may not, in any manner, interfere with a voter lawfully exercising the right to vote at an electio in order to prevent the election from being

to or from the polling place.

ON ACTS OF FRAUD AND

nearest office of the FBI or your local U.S

Updated November 2021

Post the **Warning Notice** in a conspicuous location.



AutoMARKTM:

- ➤ Make sure the AutoMARK[™] is set up, plugged in, turned on, and that the keys are removed and in the possession of the designated judge.
- ➤ Ensure the AutoMARK[™] is set up so voting can be done in **private**, with a privacy shield around the screen.
- Insert the media card if it has not already been installed by the Election Administrator.

Place numbered seal over the media door and record # on seal log.

Before Polls Open

AutoMARK[™] (continued)

> Run several test ballots through the machine and verify the machine is marking the ballot correctly.

NOTE: MAKE SURE STUBS ARE REMOVED BEFORE BALLOT IS INSERTED INTO THE AUTOMARK™

- ➤ Throughout the day, a designated judge is responsible for periodically checking the **AutoMARK[™]** by running a test ballot through it.
- ➤ If there are problems with the AutoMARK[™], contact the Election Administrator immediately.
- ➤ Refer to the AutoMARKTM troubleshooting section in the <u>Election Judge</u>
 <u>Handbook Judge Handbook</u> on the <u>sosmt.gov</u> website.
- ➤ If the issues are not resolved see if there is a backup AutoMARK[™] available, or if there is another polling place a voter may go to vote on a functioning AutoMARK[™].

Product Overview & ExpressVote Components



ExpressVote®:

- Make sure the ExpressVote® is set up, plugged in, turned on and the keys are removed and in the possession of the designated judge.
- Make sure the ExpressVote® is set up so that voting can be done in **private**, and that there is a privacy shield around the screen.
- Insert the media card if it has not already been installed by the Election Administrator.

Place numbered seal over the sliding media door and record # on seal log.

ExpressVote® (continued)

- > Run several test ballots through the machine and verify the machine is marking the ballot correctly.
- Throughout the day, a designated judge is responsible for periodically checking the ExpressVote® by running a test ballot through it.
- ➤ If there are problems with the ExpressVote®, contact the Election Administrator immediately.
- ➤ Refer to ExpressVote® troubleshooting section in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> found on the <u>sosmt.gov</u> website.
- ➤ If the issues are not resolved see if a backup ExpressVote® is available, or if there is another polling place a voter may go to vote on a functioning ExpressVote®.



The Election Administrator may provide a manual or specialized training for each type of judge/board (if applicable; not all counties use all types of judges/boards. Below is a sample of different types of judges/boards:

Ballot Judge Resolution Board

Poll Book Judge Write-In Board

Register Judge Absentee Board

Provisional Judge Tabulating/Counting Judge

- Review the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> and specific County Manual (if provided).
- Review the "Polling Place Situations" included in Election Judge Handbook.

Opening the Polls:

- The Chief Election Judge or Polling Place Manager will proclaim the opening of the polls **aloud** at the time set for opening.
- ➤ Polls in Montana must open at 7:00 a.m. unless the polling place has fewer than 400 poll voters, in which case it may open at noon. See 13-1-106 MCA for details.



- These duties are prescribed by the Election Administrator and may include the following:
 - 1. Swear in other judges in precinct/polling place
 - 2. Check seals on voting equipment
 - 3. Verify and sign <u>Ballot Certification Report</u> form
 - 4. Direct placement of instructions and signs
 - 5. Monitor traffic flow, supplies, and troubleshoot if necessary
 - 6. Periodically check booths and equipment

Chief Election Judge / Polling Place Manager/Register Judge/Poll Book Judge/Ballot Judge

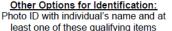
Examples of Acceptable Polling Place ID



Montana Driver's License



Tribal Photo ID Card





MONTANA T

Montana ID Card



US Passport



Military ID Card



Concealed Carry Permit

Current Utility Bill



Pavcheck or Government Check











Government Document Examples: (*must show name and current address)

(ID Requirements changed with 2021 law change)

Register Judge

- Ask elector to see an acceptable form of identification (ID).
- The elector may state their name and current address to assist the Register Judge in finding their name in the register.
- The Register Judge should announce the elector's name loud enough to be heard by poll watchers.
- >Acceptable IDs are:
 - ➤ Montana Driver's License, Montana state identification card, military identification card, tribal photo identification card, United States Passport, or Montana concealed carry permit.
 - ➤ Please refer to the Election Judge Handbook for additional ID options and information.

Register Judge (continued)

Other options for Acceptable ID:

Any form of <u>Photo ID</u> showing the elector's name, including but not limited to a school district or postsecondary education photo identification

AND one of the following:

- ➤ a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document that <u>shows the elector's name and current address</u>.
- > Note: these items can be presented via an electronic device.

Example: Costco Card (Photo ID) and a vehicle registration with the voter's name/address.





Register Judge (continued)

<u>NOTE:</u> If the address on the ID is different than the address in the Register, the elector should fill out a new Voter Registration application. <u>The voter may vote one last time at the precinct of the old address</u>.

- > If the elector is missing one of the ID requirements (may be handled by Provisional Judge):
 - a) If missing a **document**, offer the <u>Polling Place Elector ID</u> form. If they fill out *Polling Place Elector ID* form, call the election office to verify the Driver's License # or partial Social Security #. This form can serve as a "Government document".
 - b) If missing a **photo ID and voter expects to be able to provide the missing ID**, then voter would vote a provisional ballot.
 - c) If missing a **photo ID** and voter expects <u>not</u> to be able to supply it by the deadline, then offer the voter the <u>Declaration of impediment for an elector</u> form and voter would vote a provisional ballot. (See Provisional Voting in the Election Judge Handbook).

Register Judge (continued)

- ► Locate elector in the Register.
- ➤ Have elector sign the Register on the designated line.

<u>NOTE</u>: It is important to make sure the elector signs the register in the correct space. If the elector signs in the wrong space and this is not discovered, they <u>may</u> not get appropriate voting credit.

- ➤If the elector's name does not appear in the Register (this may be handled by Provisional Judge, depending on county procedures):
 - a) Check the countywide VR list to see if the elector is in the wrong precinct or call the election office to see if they can determine why the elector is not listed.
 - b) If the elector says they registered with the Motor Vehicle Department (MVD), call the election office and they can contact MVD or the Secretary of State's Office (SOS).
- ➤ If it is confirmed that the elector was erroneously omitted from the Register, have the elector sign the Certificate of Erroneous Omission form and have them sign the Register. Attach the form to the Register, then issue a regular ballot.

Register Judge (continued)

- If the elector needs to vote a provisional ballot because of a lack of identification, send the elector to a Provisional Judge (if available).
 - a) Elector who votes a provisional ballot has until 5:00 p.m. the day after the election to provide a verifiable ID to the election office (or mailed and postmarked no later than the day after election day).
- If the register indicates the elector is provisionally registered, it means the ID provided at the time of registration or ID number could not be verified. Send the elector to the Provisional Judge to have the ID verified/resolved with the election office.
 - a) If the ID can be verified / resolved by the election office, the elector goes back to the Register Judge, signs the register and votes a regular ballot.
 - b) If the ID cannot be verified / resolved, the elector votes a provisional ballot and has until 5:00 p.m. the day after the election to provide a verifiable ID to the election office (or mailed and postmarked no later than the day after election day).

Poll Book Judge

- After the Register Judge has processed the elector, write the elector's name in the Poll Book beside the appropriate ballot number provided by the Ballot Judge.
- Ensure that the number on the next ballot stub is the same as the number in the Poll Book.
- ➤If a ballot number is missing from the ballot, or if the ballot is voided, clearly note this fact in the Poll Book.
- At the end of the day, the Poll Book must be reconciled to the number of ballots issued using the <u>Ballot Reconciliation Report</u>, so it is important to pay close attention to the ballot numbers.
- >If there is early pickup of ballots for counting, additional poll books will be needed.
 - a) Make sure you start subsequent poll books (after early pickup) on the correctly numbered line.
 - b) Make sure all judges sign the poll book(s) before each pickup.
 - c) Complete appropriate portion of the <u>Ballot Reconciliation Report</u> before turning poll book over to counting judges.

Ballot Judge

- ➤ Give next ballot # to Poll Book Judge.
- Stamp the ballot with the <u>official ballot stamp</u>.
 - a) Make sure no part of the stamp appears on the stub.
- > Demonstrate to the elector the procedure to place voted ballot in secrecy sleeve.
- ➤ Instruct elector to return voted ballot to the appropriate judge.
- ➤ When elector returns with ballot, remove stub from the ballot and place in stub box.
- ➤ Place voted ballot into the ballot box in a way that ensures that no part of the voted ballot is visible.
- ➤ Primary Election:
 - The elector is given one ballot for each Party.
 - 1. Make sure the stub numbers on each Party ballot match.
 - 2. Instruct the elector to vote only **one** Party's ballot(s) and to return all party ballots to you, designating which ballot is the voted ballot.

NOTE: The unvoted ballot goes in the stub box or in the unvoted ballot box, depending on your set-up.

Ballot Judge (continued)

➤ Spoiled Ballot - If an elector spoils or damages the ballot, a new ballot must be provided to the elector upon request.

Note: no stickers or labels may be placed by an election judge on the ballot; a new ballot must be issued.

- The Poll Book Judge must be notified to designate the ballot as "Spoiled" in the Poll Book and enter the voter's name with the new ballot number.
 - The elector should write "spoiled" on the spoiled ballot, and the Ballot Judge may write "spoiled" on the stub.
 - The spoiled ballot should be placed in an envelope marked "spoiled ballot" and deposited in the designated container, and the spoiled stub should be placed in the stub box or other designated container. (If using precinct counters, the spoiled ballot should go in the stub box)

Ballot Judge (or Precinct Counter Judge)

- Receive ballot from the elector then remove stubs.
 - Place the stubs into a stub container or designated container.
- ➤If using a precinct counter, instruct the elector to insert the ballot into the precinct counter.
 - 1) Instruct elector to watch the number on the scanner change to ensure that ballot was accepted.
 - 2) Assist elector if the scanner reports an error.
 - a) See M100 or DS200 Troubleshooting section in <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>.
- ➤ Do not look at the elector's ballot while assisting.

Provisional Judge

- The Provisional Judge is responsible for assisting voters who are required to vote a provisional ballot in filling out the <u>Provisional Ballot Envelope</u>:
 - ➤ The voter did not have appropriate ID when appearing to vote, and either chose not to use the Polling Place Elector ID form and/or the <u>Declaration of impediment for an elector</u> or the ID number provided could not be verified by the election office; or
 - > The voter appears in the register as having been issued an absentee ballot; or
 - The voter does not appear in the register but claims to have registered, but registration cannot be verified by the election office; or
 - ➤ The voter's registration has been challenged.
- ➤ If elector does not have ID, explain the option to use the Polling Place Elector ID and Declaration of impediment for an elector form.
 - If the ID / Registration issue can be resolved by the election office, send elector back to Ballot Judge to vote a regular ballot based as indicated by the election office.

Provisional Judge (continued)

- ➤ If elector cannot provide ID or if the ID number cannot be verified:
 - 1) Provide elector with <u>Provisional Instructions</u> and review instructions with them.
 - 2) Assist elector with filling out the **Provisional Checklist** on the <u>Provisional Ballot Envelope</u> and fill out the election judge portion.
 - 3) Send elector back to the Register Judge with the Provisional Ballot Envelope in order to complete the process and be issued a ballot.
- ➤ If elector has been issued an absentee ballot and claims that it was not received, was lost, or destroyed:
 - 1) Provide elector with <u>Provisional Instructions</u> and review the instructions.
 - 2) Assist elector with filling out the <u>Provisional Ballot Envelope</u>; you will fill out the Election Official section(s).
 - 3) Send elector back to the Register Judge with provisional envelope to complete the process and be issued a ballot.

Provisional Judge (continued)

- ➤ If elector is being challenged by another elector:
 - If challenge cannot be resolved immediately (see Challenge section of <u>Election</u> <u>Judge Handbook</u>):
 - 1) Provide elector with <u>Provisional Instructions</u> and review the instructions.
 - 2) Assist elector with filling out the elector portion of the <u>Provisional Ballot Envelope</u>; you will fill out the Election Official section(s).
 - 3) Send elector back to the Register Judge with provisional envelope to complete the process and be issued a ballot.
- Make sure elector has completed all provisional materials and has signed the <u>Provisional Ballot Envelope</u>.
- Make sure Ballot Judge returns voted provisional ballots to you to place in container marked "Unverified Provisional Ballot Container."

Provisional Ballot Cover Sheet/Outer Envelope

Provisional Judge assists elector in filling out this portion of the envelope; make sure elector signs this section.

Provisional Judge fills out this section, signs and gives to elector to take back to the Register judge.

This section is completed by an election official when resolved.



Provisional Ballot Cover Sheet/Outer Envelope

ENVELOPE TO BE FILLED OUT AT POLLING PLACE OR ELECTION OFFICE BY ELECTION JUDGE/OFFICIAL AND ELECTOR AND PROVIDED TO ELECTION ADMINISTRATOR

PART 1: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTOR:				
PRINTED NAME:	FORMER NAME IF APPLICABLE:			
MONTANA DRIVER'S LICENSE OR STATE ID NUMBER:				
If your Montana Driver's License number is unavailable,	provide last four digits of your Social Security number:			
Date of Birth:Phone Number(s):				
Residence Address (address/city/zip):				
Additional information if any regarding your voter registration that would help resolve the provisional ballot:				
Additional information if any regarding your voter registration that would help resolve the provisional ballot.				
I (signature of elector) swear or affirm that I am eligible to vote in this election and precinct, that all of the information I provided on this form is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and that I am aware of the penalty for false swearing.				
PART 2: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION JUDGE/OFFICE				
Elector was instructed to cast a provisional ballot for the following				
	gister indicates provisionally registered, which could not be resolved ctor affirmed that absentee ballot was not received, or was spoiled, lost or destroyed			
other government agency, which could not be confirmed 🔲 Ele	ctor's identification was insufficient			
	unty-to-county late registration in election office due to administrative error ecinct-to-precinct late registration in election office			
	ecinci-to-precinct rate registration in election office her			
☐ Elector's right to vote was challenged				
ELECTION JUDGE/ELECTION OFFICIAL SIGNATURE:	DATE:			
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES				
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES				
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES Elector registered in Precinct/Ward/District Name/# Voter ID#	OLVING PROVISIONAL BALLOT:			
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES Elector registered in Precinct/Ward/District Name/#_ Voter ID# Provisional Ballot Accepted: Yes No	OLVING PROVISIONAL BALLOT: Voted in Precinct/Ward/District #			
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES Elector registered in Precinct/Ward/District Name/# Voter ID#	OLVING PROVISIONAL BALLOT:			
PART 3: TO BE COMPLETED BY ELECTION OFFICIAL RES Elector registered in Precinct/Ward/District Name/#_ Voter ID# Provisional Ballot Accepted: Yes No	OLVING PROVISIONAL BALLOT: Voted in Precinct/Ward/District # Reasons Ballot Was Rejected: (circle all that apply) Not registered: (circle, if applicable: canceled/ wrong precinct, district,			
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Provisional Judge (continued)

- ➤If the elector resolves the provisional ballot in time for counting on election night:
 - 1) Retrieve the provisional envelope from the unverified container and mark the envelope to indicate that the ballot was resolved.
 - Give the envelope to the elector and send the elector back to the Ballot Judge.
 - Ballot Judge instructs the elector to enter booth and remove ballot from provisional envelope.
- ➤ Ballot Judge will place in the ballot box or the elector will place ballot in a precinct counter.
- ➤ Provisional envelope will be placed in container marked "Verified Provisional Ballot Container."

Absentee Voters at the Polling Place

- A voter with an absentee ballot is allowed to drop the ballot off on election day at any polling place in the county.
- An absentee ballot dropped off at a polling place other than the one in which the elector appears on the register must be:
 - Delivered to the election office for signature verification and tabulation if tabulation of absentee ballots is done at a central location.
 - Delivered to the election office for signature verification and then to the correct precinct if all counting is done at the precinct location.
- An absentee ballot being dropped off at the polls that is not in the absentee signature envelope must be placed in an absentee signature envelope and must be signed by the voter.
- If multiple ballots are dropped off, any ballots with no envelope, or unsigned envelopes must be treated as provisional until the elector resolves the issue.

Other Polling Place Activities

See the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>, and the "Poll Watchers and Election Observers Guide" in the appendix of the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for detailed information about the following polling place activities:

Poll Watching Petition Signature Gathering

Election Observing Electioneering

- All the listed activities **except** electioneering are allowed at the polling place, however they cannot impede the voting process.
 - Electioneering can only occur more than 100 feet from any entrance to a polling place.
- A candidate cannot serve as a poll watcher at a polling place where the candidate's name is on the ballot.
- A candidate, family member of a candidate, or a worker or volunteer for a candidate's campaign may not distribute alcohol, tobacco, food, drink or anything of value to a voter within 100 feet of an entrance to a polling place or building in which an election is being held.

Miscellaneous

- Check voting booths periodically to make sure instructions are up, the ballot marking tool is in booth, and that no one has left anything or marked anything in the booth.
- ➤ Wipe any equipment or voting supplies with alcohol-based wipes periodically, and more often if there is a health-related reason.
- Late registrants can also return their ballot to any polling place in the County.
- ➤ Check polling place periodically to ensure that the warning poster, sample ballots, and other signs are posted and not defaced.

Assisting Voters with Disabilities

- There are several situations that may require election judge assistance for voters with disabilities:
 - Elector Unable to Sign Register
 - Elector Unable to Enter Polling Place (Curbside Voting)
 - Elector Requesting Assistance with Marking their Ballot
 - Elector requests to use a Voter Interface
 Devices AutoMARK or ExpressVote
 Voter Assist Terminal





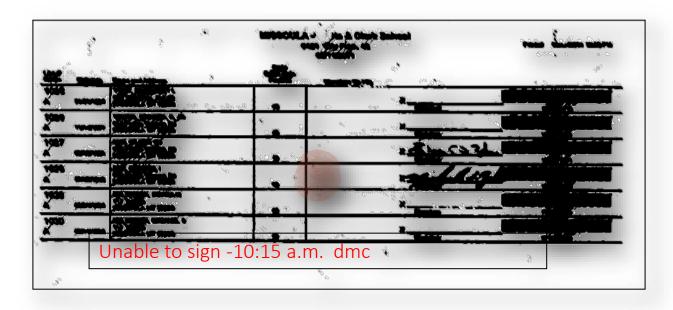


Voter Unable to Sign Register

- An elector who is unable to sign their name **cannot** be denied the right to vote because of the inability to sign the precinct register.
- ➤ One option is having an **agent** who is designated on a prescribed form by the elector to sign for the elector. An agent may sign for any voting process that an elector would sign for.
- ➤ If an elector is **unable** to provide a fingerprint or an identifying mark and has not established an agent, any election official may sign for the elector after reviewing and verifying the elector's identification.
- Notation must be made in the precinct register on the signature line if an elector is unable to sign.

Voter Unable to Sign Register (continued)

- The elector is permitted to make a mark of some sort on the signature line by the elector's name. The mark can be a fingerprint or an identifying mark, or another type of mark.
- The judge should enter a notation next to the fingerprint that the elector was unable to sign the register. Add the time and the initials of the judge.



Voter Unable to Enter Polling Place

Curbside Voting



- Two judges (from different political parties if possible) will take a blank ballot and the <u>Oath of Elector Unable to Enter Polling Place</u> form outside the polling place to the elector.
- Elector will sign the oath and the two judges will witness the oath.
- After elector shows appropriate ID, allow elector to vote.
- Have elector put ballot(s) in secrecy sleeve for transport back into polling place.
- Deliver ballot (in secrecy sleeve) to Ballot Judge.
- Ballot Judge will place ballot in ballot box, mark register and poll book.
- Both judges assisting elector must sign register.
- Attach the signed Oath to the precinct register.

Voter Requesting Assistance Marking Ballot

- ➤ Upon request from an elector, two judges (from different political parties if possible) should assist: one to mark the ballot as requested and one to verify that the person marking the ballot is marking as requested.
- If voting booths are not large enough to accommodate 3 people, find a spot specifically set up for use by voters with disabilities that will allow the voter to vote in privacy.

AutoMARK[™] or ExpressVote® Voter Assist Terminal

- ➤ The AutoMARK[™] or ExpressVote® must be available at each polling place.
- ➤ The AutoMARK[™] and ExpressVote[®] includes:
 - Ability to magnify ballot for visually impaired voters.
 - **Braille** keys for visually impaired voters.
 - Sip and Puff attachment for device for voters with mobility impairments.
 - **Headphones** for visually impaired voters.





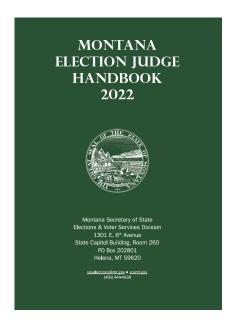


AutoMARK[™] or ExpressVote® Voter Assist Terminal

- ➤ The Election Administrator will train the appropriate judges on the AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® Voter Assist Terminal.
- ➤ Be familiar with the equipment if you are a judge that will be working with it!

AutoMARK[™] or ExpressVote® Voter Assist Terminal

- ➤ See the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for detailed instructions on using the AutoMARK[™] or ExpressVote[®].
 - See the "AutoMARK" Troubleshooting Guide" in the Election Judge Handbook for suggestions when the machine does not appear to be functioning properly.
 - See the "ExpressVote® Troubleshooting Guide" in the Election Judge Handbook for suggestions when the machine does not appear to be functioning properly.



NOTE: Chief Judges or Polling Place Managers should have the Election Judge Handbook available on election day.

EARLY PICK-UP AND EARLY COUNTING OF BALLOTS

- ➤ Counting votes cast may begin before the polls close, if directed by the Election Administrator. Election judges, ideally one from at least two parties having ballot access, shall meet at a place designated by the Election Administrator. Judges doing the tabulating shall be in a separate room from where ballots are being cast.
- Dbservers may not disclose any results learned before the close of polls under penalty of law. Observers of early counting shall complete and sign the following affirmation "I, _____, will not discuss the results of the early counting of votes at any time prior to the closing of the polls on election day." (13-15-207(4)(a), MCA)
- ➤ Judges sign the two oaths provided by the Election Administrator. When votes are being counted prior to the close of the polls, in addition to the official oath taken and subscribed to by the election judges, the members of the counting board shall complete and sign the following affirmation: "I, _____, will not discuss the results of the early counting of votes at any time prior to the closing of the polls on election day." (13-15-207(4)(a), MCA)
- Duplicate boxes and poll books will be provided. **Note:** Make sure all ballots issued and marked in the poll book prior to the early pick-up are deposited in the (early pick-up) ballot box before the box is removed.
- After verifying the security seal number on the Chain of Custody and Security Seal Log, open the ballot box, remove and count the ballots to compare the total ballots in the ballot box with the number issued as recorded in the poll book, and record the numbers on the Ballot Reconciliation Report. The form must be given to the chief election judge or designee to be delivered to the election office.

EARLY PICK-UP AND EARLY COUNTING OF BALLOTS

- Check the ballots to be sure the official ballot stamp appears on them.
- > Judges for hand-count ballots will count all votes on ballots in the first box. That box and the poll book should then be exchanged for subsequent boxes and poll books as necessary, reconciling total ballots to total issued in poll book each time.
- Election Judges using a <u>central</u> tabulation center shall:
 - ➤ place ballots and poll book in the "Early Pick-up" container, marking the precinct number and total number of ballots enclosed (after reconciling on the Ballot Reconciliation Report the total number of ballots with total issued in poll book) on the outside of container.
 - > officially seal the container as required and record the seal number on the Chain of Custody and Security Seal Log; and
 - relinquish the "Early Pick-up" container to authorized personnel for delivery to the counting center and obtain a receipt if required by the Election Administrator.
- ➤ Vote counting continues until votes for all candidates and ballot issues are counted. With a 2019 legislative change, counting may now be discontinued and restarted on the next day. Any vote count must be open to public observation. The office canvass board must meet within 14 days of the election to canvass the returns.
- Election judges and any other individuals having access to information may not disclose any results of early counting at any time prior to the closing of the polls on election day.
- Election Administrator may appoint extra election judges as marshals to be responsible for exchanging ballot boxes and poll books and monitoring the counting board room and observers.

Closing the Polls

Loudly proclaim the close of the polling place at 8 p.m.

An election judge or official must be present to ensure the last person in line at 8 p.m. can vote, and those who appear after 8 p.m. are NOT allowed to vote.

Closing the Polls (if using precinct count systems)

- Polling Place Manager or Chief Judge (or judge designated by Election Administrator) is responsible for closing the precinct counters and ensuring secure delivery of the properly sealed memory card, ballots, absentee ballots, and provisional ballots to the Election office or Counting Center (2 judges must be present during delivery).
- ➤ Judges will remove ballots from precinct counters and place the ballots in containers provided for the ballots. The ballots must be sealed and secured for transport to the Election Office or Counting Center.



Closing the Polls

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In the County of Missouln Montana, held on the day of	160

- Fill out the back of the poll book (this should be done at the time of each pick-up of ballots if early pickup is occurring) **AND SIGN**.
 - Fill out timesheets and sign, make sure timesheets go into the correct envelope that is **not** sealed.
 - Take down the instructions and warning posters as instructed by the Election Administrator.
 - Closing duties will vary by county, so make sure you follow specific instructions for your county.



Closing the Polls

- ➤ Post results if counting is done at the polling place.
- ➤ Place supplies, ballots, stubs, etc. into correct envelope: follow instructions on envelopes.
- Seal envelope with official seal AND SIGN.

NOTE: Do not put timesheets in envelope that is sealed. Sealed envelopes cannot be opened except as provided by law.

- ➤If instructed to do so by Election Administrator, make sure you:
 - Have polling place picked up and all supplies removed.
 - Turn out all lights.
 - Lock doors.



General Counting Procedures

- ➤ In general, counting of ballots may not begin before election day. However, counting of absentee ballots via automatic tabulation is allowed one day prior to election day (13-15-104, MCA).
- ➤ The count of votes must be public, and anyone can observe the count. No one may interfere with the count. Anyone observing the count may not discuss the results at any time prior to the close of the polls on election day (13-15-101, MCA & 13-15-207(4)), MCA
- The counting of votes may stop and recontinue. However, the canvass board must meet no later than 14 days after the election to canvass the vote (13-15-401, MCA).
- Immediately after each pickup of ballots, reconcile the poll book with the number of ballots to be counted using the <u>Ballot Reconciliation Report</u>.
 - If number of ballots cannot be reconciled with poll book, state the reason you think they don't reconcile and have all counting judges sign the <u>Ballot</u> <u>Reconciliation Report</u>.

NOTE: See page 80 of the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for more information on General Counting Procedures and Tabulation.

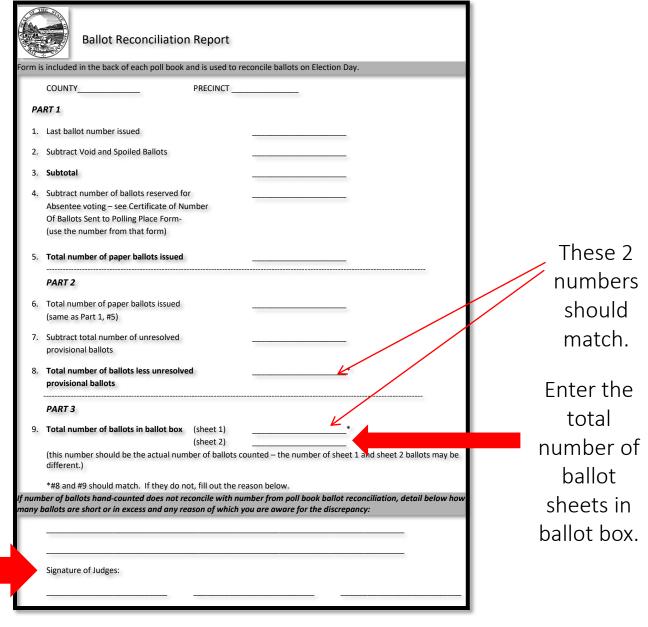
General Counting Procedures – Close of Tabulating Center

It shall be the duty of the Election Administrator or designee to collect all ballots, logs and materials used for the counting center and place them in secure storage upon completion of the tabulation of ballots and certification of the results of the election.

1.Before adjournment, enclose the items specified in the envelopes provided; see "List of Envelopes for Ballots and Supplies" subsection in the "Appendix" section. Each election judge will sign the election judge's name across all seals affixed to the official envelopes if instructed to do so on the envelope. These envelopes, with the rest of the supplies provided for the election, are returned to the Election Administrator. (13-15-205, MCA)

<u>Ballot</u> <u>Reconciliation</u> <u>Report:</u>

- 1) Find at the back of each poll book.
- 2) Make sure you have 2 copies, one to be sealed and returned with each poll book, one for Election Administrator.



General Counting Procedures

Remove each absentee secrecy envelope to determine if there is more than one ballot for each election in the envelope.

- If more than one ballot for each election is in the envelope, the ballots must be rejected if you cannot determine for certain that only one ballot has been marked.
- See the "Special Situations" section of the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for various scenarios regarding multiple ballots.
- Deliver the ballots to the Absentee Counting Board if one has been appointed, otherwise deliver the ballots to the regular counting/tabulation board.
- ➤ Check ballots for official stamp:
- ➤ If the **official stamp** is missing, the ballot must be rejected UNLESS:
 - It is determined the stamp is missing due to election official error. Such ballots should be marked "unstamped by error" and all judges must initial.
 - If 2 or more ballots are folded together, set aside to compare with total number of ballots in poll book.
 - If majority of judges agree that the folded ballots are from one voter they must be rejected, unless it can be determined that only one ballot is marked.

General Counting Procedures

Seal ballots in appropriate envelope/container for delivery to Election Office if counting is not done at polls.

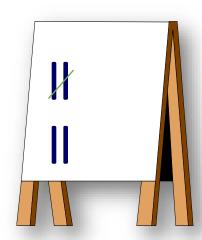
- See "Closing of Tabulation Center" in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for detailed information.
- ➤ Sign all official seals.
- ➤ Place signed poll book, reconciliation report, and any other supplies in appropriate envelope and seal (keep one copy of the reconciliation report outside of the sealed envelope).
- See "Tabulation Boards" section of the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for detailed information about various boards that can be used on election day.

Hand Counting Ballots

- After following steps in the previous "General Counting Procedures" slides:
 - One person reads the votes
 - Two people tally by marking
 - 5 ticks per square on the provided tally sheets
 - It is helpful to reconcile by announcing "check" after each 5th tick

NOTE: Throughout the night, alternate who reads the votes and who tallies.

- Consult the "Determining a Valid Vote" sections of the Appendix of the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for information and uniform instruction on determining valid votes when hand-counting.
- ➤ When all votes are counted:
 - Call in results to Election Office (if instructed to do so).
 - Post results at location where counting is taking place.



The Election Administrator will train the appropriate judges on the tabulation equipment.

- Detailed instructions on the M100/DS200 and the DS450/M650/DS850 tabulators can be found in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> and the <u>Uniform Ballot &</u> <u>Voting Systems Procedures Guide</u>.
- If your county uses one of the newly certified DS950 tabulators, your Election Administrator will provide detailed instructions.
- Get familiar with the equipment if you are a judge who will be working with it.

Note: Tabulation Boards will vary depending on the county. Please see Election Judge Handbook for information on types of boards and for detailed duties.





M100/DS200 Tabulation

- See the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> and the <u>Uniform Ballot & Voting</u>
 <u>Systems Procedures Guide</u> for detailed M100/DS200 instructions.
- Seal ballots, results tape and media in appropriate envelopes/containers for delivery to Election Office or Counting Center.
- Place signed poll book and <u>Ballot Reconciliation Report</u> and any other supplies in appropriate envelope and seal them (keep a copy of the Ballot Reconciliation Report outside of the sealed envelope).
- Sign all official seals and complete the <u>Seal Log</u>.









- Follow steps in "Machine Tabulating Ballots" on the previous 2 slides and:
 - Upon receipt of ballot case, remove ballots after verifying seal # and signing the Seal Log.
 - Inspect ballots for damage and ragged edges.
 - Deliver any ballots that you determine need to be duplicated to the designated area for duplication.
- ➤ Models DS450/M650/DS850/DS950 Tabulator
 - These tabulators are high-speed optical scan central paper ballot counter and vote tabulator.
 - See the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>, Uniform Ballot & Voting Systems Procedure Guide and any specific manuals prepared by your Election Administrator for detailed information on tabulating using the DS450/M650/DS850.



DS450/M650/DS850/DS950 Tabulator

- The Tabulator is a high-speed digital scan central paper ballot counter and vote tabulator.
- The Tabulator may route ballots to different bins depending on selected criteria (write-ins, overvotes, blank ballots).

Tabulator Set-up

- > Ensure that the tabulator is on a level and stable surface.
- ➤ Check all security seals and make sure the seal numbers match the <u>Chain of Custody and Seal Log</u>.
- Power on the tabulator and make sure you have the correct passwords to access the machine.
- > Run a predefined batch of test ballots and verify the results.
- > Zero out the machine and run a report indicating the machine is set to zero before beginning tabulation.
- Make sure no ballots are in any of the ballot trays.

DS450/M650/DS850/DS950 Tabulation

- After each precinct's ballots are scanned, take ballots to appropriate board for sealing.
- After all ballots are scanned, run **resolution** ballots through the scanner.
- Attach the computer report that has precinct totals to the appropriate precinct election results.
- ➤ Post results at the counting center.
- Follow instructions from the Election Administrator for securing media.
- ➤ Place security seals where needed according to the Uniform Ballot & Voting Systems Procedure Guide and according to Election Administrator instructions and complete the Chain of Custody and Seal Log.
- Ensure all judges sign the applicable official seals.
- ➤ Place signed poll book, <u>Ballot Reconciliation Report</u>, and any other supplies in appropriate envelope and seal (keep a copy of the Ballot Reconciliation Report outside of the sealed envelope).
- Fill out timesheets and place in appropriate envelope. Note: do not seal the envelope that has the timesheets!



Special situations that election judges may encounter are included in this section. Detailed information can also be found in the <u>Election Judge</u> Handbook:

- ➤ Replacement Ballots
- ➤ Inactive Voters
- ➤ Challenges
- ➤ Disaster Response Natural, Health Related, etc.
- **≻**Electioneering
- ➤ Equipment Problems
- ➤ Write-Ins



Replacement Ballots

- A voter who makes an error when marking their ballot, or otherwise spoils a ballot, must be provided with a **replacement** ballot.
 - The use of stickers or labels by an election official to correct a ballot is **not authorized or allowed** under Montana law.
- Make a notation in the poll book that a voter has had their original ballot spoiled, and they were issued a new ballot number.

Inactive Voters

- Inactive voters are not late registrants.
 - Inactive voters are voters who did not vote in a prior general election and did not respond to two confirmation mailings or who had an undeliverable mail ballot and did not respond to a forwardable mailing.
- Inactive voters can appear at the polling place and vote one last time at their previous address/precinct.
 - They should fill out a new <u>Voter Registration</u> form for future elections if their address or other information has changed.

Challenges

- > Any elector may challenge another elector's qualifications on election day.
- > Keep a record of all election day challenges on the form provided.
- An Affidavit of Challenge form should be provided to the elector offering the challenge.
- The Challenger's signature on the Affidavit must be witnessed by an election official or notary.
 - A challenge may be made on the grounds that the elector:
 - Is of unsound mind, as determined by a court
 - Has voted before in that election
 - Has been convicted of a felony and is currently serving a sentence in a penal institution
 - Is not registered as required by law
 - Not 18 years of age or older
 - Not been a resident of the state for at least 30 days
 - Is a provisionally registered elector whose status has not been changed to legally registered
 - Does not meet another requirement provided in the constitution or by law



Challenges (continued)

- Challenged individuals should be provided with the <u>Affidavit of Challenged Voter</u> form.
 - If challenged individual swears under oath administered by an election judge that they are qualified to vote, then the CHALLENGE IS RESOLVED IN FAVOR OF THE VOTER AND THEY ARE ALLOWED TO VOTE A REGULAR BALLOT.
 - If challenged individual does not swear to the individual's qualifications under oath, or if challenge is not able to be resolved in favor of the voter, then SEND TO PROVISIONAL JUDGE TO CAST PROVISIONAL BALLOT.



Natural Disasters, Health-Related Disasters, Electrical Outages and other Election Day Problems

- ➤ Notify Election Office immediately!
- Follow county emergency protocol and your Election Administrator's Disaster and Contingency Plan.
 - Have a list of emergency contacts handy.
- ➤ Refer to the Election Disaster and Contingency Plan Polling Place Relocation Checklist in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>.

Electioneering

- ➤ No electioneering may occur within 100 feet of a polling place entrance ON Election Day.
 - Establish your polling place's 100 feet boundary as soon as possible on Election Day.
 - Electioneering includes wearing clothing, buttons, etc., indicating support or opposition to any candidate or issue on the ballot.
- See <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> for information about polling place conduct.



Equipment Problems

- A random test must be conducted by a county Election Administrator or designee of 10% of each type of voting systems, a minimum of one per county, on election day, to validate the accuracy of voted paper ballots with the voting system results.
- Make sure all equipment is set up and functioning properly before the polls open.
- ➤ When time permits, check the equipment throughout the day to ensure it is working correctly.
 - If equipment does not seem to be operating correctly, call the county Election Office immediately.

NOTE: For specific equipment problems, see the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> Troubleshooting Guide.

Write-Ins

- A list of declared write-in candidates will be provided by the Election Administrator.
- >You should provide a copy of the list to an elector ONLY if they request it.
- >Your Election Administrator will advise you on the use of labels by voters for write-in candidates.
 - Use of labels by voters may vary depending on the type of equipment (if any) used.
- An elector has the option to write in the name of a candidate of choice, whether there is a qualified candidate or not.
- ➤ Counting write-ins
 - All write-ins are counted if there is no candidate for that office, and if no one has filed a "Declaration of Intent for Write-in Candidate".
 - No write-ins are counted if there is a candidate on the ballot, and no one has filed a "Declaration of Intent for Write-in Candidate".
 - Write-ins are counted for any candidate who files a "Declaration of Intent for Write-in Candidate."
 - See <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> section on counting write-in votes for detailed instructions.



A Chief Election Judge or Official should NOT:

- Serve in a precinct where a voting system is used unless the judge:
 - Has received the required instruction on the voting system(s);
 - Is fully qualified to perform duties in connection with the system(s); and
 - Has received a <u>Certificate</u> of the above from the Election Administrator.

An Election Judge or Official should NOT:

➤ Deposit a ballot in the ballot box that does not contain the official stamp, unless the judges agree that the missing stamp is due to election judge error.



- ➤ Open or examine the folded ballot of an elector before putting the ballot in the ballot box.
- Look at any mark upon the ballot by the elector.
- Allow an individual other than the elector to be present at the marking of the ballot, unless the elector has a disability and chooses someone to aid.
- > Make a false statement in a certificate regarding affirmation.
- Turn away any voter from the polls.
- Express their opinion(s) while in their official capacity regarding any election subject.
 - If you do, you could be charged with official misconduct or a misdemeanor.



Summary

- ➤ CALL the county Election Administrator for assistance with polling place or tabulating issues.
- ➤ READ the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> and the <u>Uniform Voting System</u> <u>Guide</u>.
- > REVIEW the Polling Place Forms.
- >HELP each voter through the process of casting a ballot.

NOTE: DO NOT turn any voters away – the Help America Vote Act ensures that every individual may cast a regular or provisional ballot.



Take the **Montana Election Judge Quiz** to see how much you learned — the Quiz answers are at the end of the presentation:

- > The first section of the Quiz is **True or False**.
- > The second section is **Multiple Choice**.



Election Judge Training QUIZ

True or False:

- 1. Anyone who serves as an election judge must be trained *every* year and receive a certificate from the county Election Administrator upon completion of the training.
- 2. When voting using an AutoMARK™ the ballot stub must be on the ballot or the machine will not read the ballot.
- 3. If a voter states that they cannot sign the precinct register because of a disability, you should send them to a provisional judge to vote a provisional ballot.
- 4. Political buttons, t-shirts, etc. that show support or opposition to any candidate on the ballot **can** be worn in the polling place if it is not the candidate themselves wearing one.
- 5. A list of declared write-in candidates must be **posted** at each polling place.
- 6. A voter whose name does not appear in the precinct register must be sent to the election office for late registration.
- 7. For a primary election, the voter must tell you which **party ballot** they want to vote, and you hand them that ballot only.

Multiple Choice:

- 1. A voter with a disability chooses to use the AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® to vote, but the AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® does not appear to be working. You should:
 - a) Tell the voter they will have to vote their ballot with assistance from election judges.
 - b) Review the AutoMARK or ExpressVote® troubleshooting sections in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u>. If that doesn't help, call the election office to see if there is a spare AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® that can be quickly delivered to your polling place. If not, give the voter the option to vote at another, close polling place, or to go to the election office to vote on the AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® if there is no close polling place, or to vote with assistance from 2 election judges or from a person of their choice.
 - c) Send the voter to the provisional judge to vote a provisional ballot.

- 2. A voter who is not a late registrant drops off an absentee ballot at a polling place other than the one where they are registered. You should:
 - a) Tell the voter they must take it to the correct precinct, or if you do not catch the voter, reject the ballot.
 - b) Remove the secrecy envelope from the signature envelope and drop the secrecy envelope into the ballot box.
 - c) Deliver the absentee ballot in the signature envelope to the election office for signature verification. If all ballots are counted at the polls, the election office will deliver the verified ballots to the appropriate poll location for counting.
- 3. A voter shows photo ID, but the address on the photo ID does not match the address in the precinct register. You should:
 - a) Have the voter fill out a new registration application to update their address and send them to the correct precinct to vote.
 - b) Pay no attention to the address, if any, on the photo ID.
 - c) Send the voter to the provisional judge to vote a provisional ballot.
 - d) Send the voter to the election office to late register at the address on their photo ID.
- 4. A voter at the polls states that they don't not have an acceptable ID and can't obtain ID or other acceptable documents by the 5:00 pm deadline the next day. You should:
 - a) Send the voter to the provisional judge to vote a provisional ballot with a "Declaration of Reasonable Impediment" and a Polling Place Elector ID Form.
 - b) Do not provide a ballot to this voter until they bring in photo ID.
 - c) Ask the voter for if they have their voter confirmation card.
- 5. A voter who is listed as "Inactive" in the precinct register appears to vote. You should:
 - a) Send the voter to the Provisional Judge to vote a provisional ballot.
 - b) Have them fill out a voter registration application if their information needs to be updated and allow them to vote a regular ballot.
 - c) Send them to the election office to late register.
- 6. A voter who is listed in the precinct register as having been issued an **absentee** ballot shows up to vote. You should:
 - a) Ask if their ballot was not received, lost or destroyed, and if the answer is yes, let them vote a regular ballot.
 - b) Call the election office, and if they indicate the absentee ballot has not been returned or was undeliverable, let them vote a regular ballot.
 - c) Send the voter to the **Provisional Judge** to vote a provisional ballot.

- 7. A voter indicates that they have made a **mistake** on their ballot. You should:
 - a) Provide them with a sticker and instruct them to place the sticker over the mistake and continue voting the ballot.
 - b) Give them the option of correcting the ballot with a sticker or receiving a new ballot.
 - c) Remove the ballot stub, mark the stub as Spoiled, and place the stub in the stub box. Have the elector mark their ballot as Spoiled and place it in an envelope for Spoiled ballots. Place the Spoiled Ballot Envelope in the ballot box. Issue a new ballot after instructing the Poll Book Judge to log the Spoiled ballot and Reissued ballot in the poll book.
- 8. A voter wrote in a name of a declared "write-in" candidate as demonstrated below. This vote should be:

	Ben Smith
\sim	DCII SIIIICII

()Art Jones

() <u>Steve Johnson</u>

- a) Counted for the "write-in" candidate because the intent of the voter is clear.
- b) Designated as an undervote because no oval was filled in.
- 9. A voter has been **challenged** by a poll watcher based on differing addresses listed in the precinct register versus the postal address list that the poll watcher is using. You should:
 - a) Send the voter to the provisional judge to vote a provisional ballot.
 - b) Reject the challenge unless the voter confirms in writing that the postal service address is the correct residence address. They still may choose to vote one last time in their old precinct.
 - c) Send the voter to the election office.
 - d) Approve the challenge and do not allow the voter to vote because the postal service address list would probably be more updated than the voter registration list.

Election Judge True False Quiz Answers

- #1. False
- #2. False the stub must be removed for the AutoMARK™ to read the ballot.
- #3. False a voter with a disability can make a mark in the register or have a designated agent sign for them.
 - You should note in the register that you witnessed the elector making the mark.
 - If an elector is **unable** to provide a fingerprint or an identifying mark and the elector has **not** established an agent, the Election Administrator or an election judge may sign for the elector after reviewing and verifying the elector's identification.
- #4. False no political buttons, t-shirts, etc. can be worn in the polling place or within 100 feet of any entrance to a polling place by *anyone*.
- #5. False the list of declared write-in candidates *can be provided to a voter upon request but* cannot be **posted** in the polling place.
- #6. False you should first look to see if the person appears in another precinct register, look to see if they are somehow out of alphabetical order (sometimes data entry mistakes can put a person out of alphabetical order), and if you still cannot find them, attempt to verify with the election office that the person was not erroneously omitted due to registering with MVD or another Agency. Only after a thorough investigation should you send the person to the election office.
- #7. False in a Primary election a voter is provided **all** party ballots, and in **private** can select which party ballot to vote.

Election Judge Multiple Choice Quiz Answers

Multiple Choice Answers:

- #1. B The AutoMARK™ and ExpressVote® troubleshooting sections in the <u>Election Judge Handbook</u> should be reviewed. If that doesn't answer the question, attempt to have a **functioning** AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote® delivered to replace the machine that is not working; if that is not possible, the voter has the option to vote at another, close polling place, or at the election office, on an AutoMARK™ or ExpressVote®, OR receive assistance from 2 election judges or from a person of their choice to mark their ballot.
- #2. C A voter must be allowed to drop off an absentee ballot at any polling place in the county, but the ballot must be sent to the election office for signature verification and tabulation. If all ballots are counted at the polls, the election office will deliver the verified ballot to the appropriate polling place for counting.
- #3. B If the voter presents **photo ID**, you only verify that the photo is indeed the voter. The photo ID is for identification only, not for verifying voter registration information.
- #4. A If the voter does not have one of the acceptable ID forms or alternative forms, they can fill out the **Polling Place Elector ID form** and when casting they Provisional Ballot they can use the "**Declaration of Reasonable Impediment**" form in place of Photo ID. You need to call the election office to have the election office verify the ID number to complete the Polling Place ID form. A voter confirmation card with the 2021 legislative change is considered at "government document" and must be paired with photo ID with the voter's name on it.
- #5. B An **Inactive** voter does not have to late register; such voters reactivate their registration by appearing to vote. If their residence address has changed, they can vote one time at their previous precinct.
- #6. C Any voter listed in the register as "Absentee" who asks to vote at the polls must vote a provisional ballot at the polls no exceptions!
- #7. C Ensure that the privacy of the voter's ballot is not at risk by having the voter mark the ballot as **Spoiled** and place it in the envelope for Spoiled ballots. A voter must be provided with a **replacement ballot**; stickers or labels are not allowed to correct ballots.
- #8. C This is an **undervote** according to the law and <u>uniform rules</u>, the name must be written in **AND** the designated voting area must be marked for the write-in candidate for the vote to be counted.
- #9. B A challenge based on a residential address must fail unless the voter confirms in writing that their address has changed. Even if they confirm in writing that their address has changed, they still may choose to vote one last time in their old precinct.

CONGRATULATIONS! You have completed the 2022 Election Judge Training!



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